SECTION C

This document covers thermostabilized pork sausage links in brine packaged in a No. 10 metal can (603×700) for use by the Department of Defense as a component of operational rations.

C-1 ITEM DESCRIPTION

PCR-P-035, PORK SAUSAGE LINKS IN BRINE, PACKAGED IN A No. 10 METAL CAN (603 \times 700), SHELF STABLE

C-2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. Product standard. A sample shall be subjected to first article (FA) or product demonstration model (PDM) inspection as applicable, in accordance with the tests and inspections of Section E of this Performance-based Contract Requirements (PCR) document. The approved sample shall serve as the product standard. Should the contractor at any time plan to, or actually produce the product using different raw material or process methodologies from the approved Product Standard, which result in a product non comparable to the Product Standard, the contractor shall arrange for a new or alternate FA or PDM approval. In any event, all product produced must meet all requirements of this document including Product Standard comparability.
- B. <u>Commercial sterility</u>. The packaged food shall be processed until commercially sterile.
- C. Shelf life. The packaged product shall meet the minimum shelf life requirement of 24 months at $80^{\circ}F$.

D. Appearance.

- (1) <u>General</u>. The finished product shall be pork sausage links in brine. Each individual can shall contain not less than 75 intact sausage links. The packaged food shall be free from foreign materials.
- (2) <u>Pork sausage links</u>. The pork sausage links shall be intact, shall be uniform in diameter and length after cooking, and shall be practically free of bone or bone fragments, cartilage, coarse connective tissue, tendons or ligaments, and glandular material. The links shall possess a light brown to dark brown surface color.
- E. Odor and flavor. The packaged food shall have a well blended, slightly spicy odor and flavor. The packaged food shall be free from foreign odors and flavors.
 - F. Texture. The texture of the pork sausage links shall be moist and moderately firm.
- G. <u>Net weight</u>. The average net weight shall be not less than 106 ounces. No individual can shall have a net weight of less than 104 ounces.
- H. <u>Drained weight</u>. The average drained weight shall be not less than 47.0 ounces. The drained weight of 75 intact sausage links in an individual can shall be not less than 45.0 ounces.
- I. Palatability and overall appearance. The finished product shall be equal to or better than the approved product standard in palatability and overall appearance.

J. Analytical requirements.

(1) Fat content. The fat content shall be not greater than 35.0 percent.

(2) <u>Salt content</u>. The salt content shall be not less than 1.0 percent and not greater than 2.5 percent.

C-3 MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION

THE FOLLOWING IS PROVIDED FOR INFORMATION ONLY TO PROVIDE THE BENEFIT OF PAST GOVERNMENT EXPERIENCE. THIS IS NOT A MANDATORY REQUIREMENT.

A. <u>Ingredients/formulation</u>. Ingredients and formulation percentages for the pork sausage links may be as follows:

Ingredients	Percent by weight
Ground pork 1/	93.43
Water or ice	2.80
Salt 2/	1.64
Dextrose	0.82
Granulated white sugar	0.82
Ground white pepper	0.23
Ground sage	0.18
Ground black pepper	0.06
Ground ginger	0.02

- 1/ The pork shall be chopped or ground to a moderately or slightly coarse texture.
- $\underline{2}/$ The total amount of salt in the formula may be adjusted, as necessary, to produce a product that complies with the finished product salt requirements.

SECTION D

D-1 PACKAGING

- A. <u>Commercial packaging</u>. Seventy-five intact sausage links shall be packaged in a No. 10 metal can (603 x 700) in accordance with good commercial practice. The filled can shall be hermetically sealed under a vacuum of not less than 20 inches (50.8 cm) of mercury. The filled, sealed, and processed can shall conform to the United States Standards for Condition of Food Containers.
- B. Export packaging. Seventy-five intact sausage links shall be packaged in a No. 10 metal can (603 x 700) in accordance with good commercial practice. The filled can shall be hermetically sealed under a vacuum of not less than 20 inches (50.8 cm) of mercury. The can shall be an open-top style, round metal can, with welded side seam and compound-lined, double-seamed ends. The can shall be made throughout from not less than 0.25 pound per base box electrolytic tin plate. Alternatively, the cans may be fabricated from ECCS plate, fully enameled both inside and out. In addition, the cans shall be beaded to provide paneling resistance. The entire inside area of the can shall be coated with enamel.

D-2 LABELING

A. <u>Labeling of metal cans</u>. Labeling of metal cans shall be as specified in DSCP FORM 2997, Labeling of Metal Cans for Subsistence.

D-3 PACKING

A. <u>Commercial packing</u>. Six cans of product shall be packed in a shipping container complying with the National Motor Freight Classification or the Uniform Freight Classification.

B. Export packing. Six cans of product shall be packed in a snug-fitting fiberboard shipping container conforming to style RSC, grade W5c or W5s of ASTM D5118/D5118M-95 (2001), Standard Practice for Fabrication of Fiberboard Shipping Boxes. The cans shall be arranged three in length and two in width within the container. Each shipping container shall be closed and reinforced with nonmetallic strapping or pressure-sensitive adhesive filament-reinforced tape in accordance with ASTM D1974-98, Standard Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and Reinforcing Fiberboard Boxes.

D-4 UNITIZATION

A. <u>Unit loads</u>. Unit loads shall be as specified in DSCP FORM 3507, Loads, Unit: Preparation of Semiperishable Subsistence Items.

D-5 MARKING

A. <u>Shipping containers and unit loads</u>. Marking of shipping containers and unit loads shall be as specified in DSCP FORM 3556 Marking Instructions for Shipping Cases, Sacks and Palletized/Containerized Loads of Perishable and Semiperishable Subsistence.

SECTION E INSPECTION AND ACCEPTANCE

The following quality assurance criteria, utilizing ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes, are required. Unless otherwise specified, Single Sampling Plans indicated in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993 will be utilized. When required, the manufacturer shall provide the certificate(s) of conformance to the appropriate inspection activity. Certificate(s) of conformance not provided shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

A. Definitions.

- (1) <u>Critical defect</u>. A critical defect is a defect that judgment and experience indicate would result in hazardous or unsafe conditions for individuals using, maintaining, or depending on the item; or a defect that judgment and experience indicate is likely to prevent the performance of the major end item, i.e., the consumption of the ration.
- (2) <u>Major defect</u>. A major defect is a defect, other than critical, that is likely to result in failure, or to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose.
- (3) Minor defect. A minor defect is a defect that is not likely to reduce materially the usability of the unit of product for its intended purpose, or is a departure from established standards having little bearing on the effective use or operation of the unit.
- B. <u>Classification of inspections</u>. The inspection requirements specified herein are classified as follows:
- (1) <u>Product standard inspection</u>. The first article or product demonstration model shall be inspected in accordance with the provisions of this document and evaluated for overall appearance and palatability. Any failure to conform to the performance requirements or any appearance or palatability failure, shall be cause for rejection of the lot. The approved first article or product demonstration model shall be used as the product standard for periodic review evaluations. All food components that are inspected by the USDA shall be subject to periodic review sampling and evaluation. The USDA shall select sample units during production of contracts and submit them to the following address for evaluation:

US Army Soldier & Biological Chemical Command Soldiers System Ctr., Natick Soldier Center Attn: AMSSB-RCF-F(N) 15 Kansas Street Natick, MA 01760-5018

One lot shall be randomly selected during each calendar month of production. Two (2) sample units of each item produced shall be randomly selected from that one production lot. The two (2) sample units shall be shipped to Natick within five working days from the end of the production month and upon completion of all USDA inspection requirements. The sample units will be evaluated for the characteristics of appearance, odor, flavor, texture and overall quality.

(2) <u>Conformance inspection</u>. Conformance inspection shall include the examinations and the methods of inspection cited in this section.

E-5 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS (PRODUCT)

A. <u>Product examination</u>. The finished product shall be examined for compliance with the performance requirements specified in Section C of this Performance-based Contract Requirements document utilizing the double sampling plans indicated in ANSI/ASQC Z1.4 - 1993. The lot size shall be expressed in cans. The sample unit shall be the contents of one can. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the acceptable quality level (AQL), expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 4.0 for major defects and 6.5 for minor defects. Defects and defect classifications are listed in table I below. The samples for drained weight inspection shall be selected using the same sampling criteria as above.

TABLE I. Product defects 1/ 2/ 3/

Category		Defect
Major	Minor	Appearance
101		Product not pork sausage links in brine.
102		Bone or bone fragment measuring more than 0.3 inch in any dimension.
103		More than three sausage links per sample can not intact.
	201	Surface color not light to dark brown.
	202	Sausage links not of uniform diameter or length.
	203	Total weight of cartilage, coarse connective tissue, tendons or ligaments, and glandular material is more than 1.0 ounces.
		Odor and flavor
104		The packaged food does not have an odor or flavor of cooked, well blended, slightly spicy sausage.
		<u>Texture</u>
	204	Sausages not moist or not moderately firm.
		Net weight
	205	Net weight of an individual can less than 104 ounces. $\underline{4}/$
		Drained weight
	206	Drained weight of 75 intact pork sausage links in an individual can less than 45.0 ounces. $\underline{\bf 5}/$

¹/ Presence of any foreign material such as, but not limited to dirt, insect parts, hair, wood, glass, metal, or mold, or any foreign odors or flavors such as, but not limited to burnt, scorched, rancid, sour, or stale shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

- $\underline{2}$ / Finished product not equal to or better than the approved product standard in palatability and overall appearance shall be cause for rejection of the lot.
- $\underline{3}$ / The finding of any individual can containing less than 75 intact sausage links shall be cause for rejection of the lot.
- $\frac{4}{2}$ Sample average net weight less than 106 ounces shall be cause for rejection of the lot.
- $\underline{5}$ / Sample average drained weight of less than 47.0 ounces shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

B. Methods of inspection.

(1) $\underline{\text{Commercial sterility}}$. Commercial sterility shall be verified in accordance with $\underline{\text{USDA/FSIS}}$ regulations.

- (2) <u>Shelf life</u>. The contractor shall provide a certificate of conformance that the product has a 24 month shelf life when stored at $80^{\circ}F$. Government verification may include storage for 6 months at $100^{\circ}F$ or 24 months at $80^{\circ}F$. Upon completion of either storage period, the product will be subjected to a sensory evaluation panel for appearance and palatability and must receive an overall score of 5 or higher based on a 9 point hedonic scale to be considered acceptable.
- (3) <u>Net weight</u>. The net weight of the filled and sealed can shall be determined by weighing each sample unit on a suitable scale tared with a representative empty can and lid. Results shall be reported to the nearest 1 ounce.
- (4) <u>Drained weight</u>. The can contents shall be poured into a flat-bottom container. A minimum of three times the can's volume of 180°F to 190°F water shall be added to the container so as to cover the contents. The contents and water shall be gently agitated so as to liquefy rendered fat without breaking the sausage links. The contents shall then be poured into a U.S. Standard 1/4 inch sieve in a manner that will distribute the product over the sieve without breaking the sausage links. The sieve area shall be such that the distributed product does not completely cover all the openings of the sieve. The sieve shall be tilted at such an angle so as to assure complete drainage of all liquid from the product. The product shall be drained for 2 minutes before determining the drained weight. Determine the drained weight by subtracting the sieve tare weight from the gross weight. The drained weight shall be reported to the nearest 0.5 ounce.
- (5) <u>Analytical</u>. The sample to be analyzed shall be a one-pound composite of pork sausage links from three thoroughly drained cans that have been selected at random from one production lot. The composite sample shall be prepared and analyzed in accordance with the following Official Methods of Analysis of AOAC International (OMA).

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \underline{\text{Test}} & \underline{\text{Method Number}} \\ \text{Fat} & 985.15 \text{ or } 925.12 \end{array}$

Salt 935.47

Test results shall be reported to the nearest 0.1 percent. Verification will be conducted through actual testing by a Government laboratory. Any result not conforming to the analytical requirements shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

E-6 QUALITY ASSURANCE PROVISIONS (PACKAGING AND PACKING MATERIALS, 603 x 700 METAL CAN)

A. Packaging.

- (1) <u>Can condition examination</u>. Examination of filled and sealed cans shall be in accordance with the United States Standards for Condition of Food Containers. In addition, scratches, scuffs or abrasions that occur on the outside coating as a result of the filling, sealing, and processing of the cans shall not be scored as a defect.
- (2) <u>Can closure examination</u>. Can closures shall be examined visually and by teardowns in accordance with the can manufacturer's requirement and 21 CFR, Part 113, Subpart D, or 9 CFR, Part 318, Subpart G, as applicable. Any nonconformance based on observation of can seam teardowns or on record of can seam teardowns shall be classified as a major defect and shall be cause for rejection of any involved product.
- (3) <u>Can vacuum examination</u>. The filled and sealed cans selected for the product examination shall be examined for vacuum. The cans and contents shall be allowed to reach 70° to 80°F. The vacuum reading shall be taken with a puncture-type vacuum gauge making the puncture as near as possible to the double seam to minimize error due to distortion of the end. A correction of 1 inch of vacuum shall be added to the gauge reading for each 1000 feet above sea level at which the determination is made. Failure of any can to meet the vacuum requirement of 5 inches shall be cause for rejection of the lot.

B. Labeling.

(1) <u>Can labeling examination</u>. The can labeling shall be examined in accordance with the requirements of DSCP FORM 2997, Labeling of Metal Cans for Subsistence.

C. Packing.

(1) Shipping container and marking examination. The filled and sealed shipping containers shall be examined for the defects listed in table II below. The lot size shall be expressed in shipping containers. The sample unit shall be one shipping container fully packed. The inspection level shall be S-3 and the AQL, expressed in terms of defects per hundred units, shall be 4.0 for major defects and 10.0 for total defects.

TABLE II. Shipping container and marking defects

Category		Defect
Major 101	Minor	Marking omitted, incorrect, illegible, or improper size, location sequence or method of application.
102		Inadequate workmanship. $\underline{1}/$
	201	Arrangement or number of cans not as specified.

 $[\]underline{1}$ / Inadequate workmanship is defined as, but not limited to, incomplete closure of container flaps, loose strapping, inadequate stapling, improper taping, or bulged or distorted container.

D. Unitization.

(1) <u>Unit load examination</u>. The unit load shall be examined in accordance with the requirements of DSCP FORM 3507, Loads, Unit: Preparation of Semiperishable Subsistence Items. Any nonconformance shall be classified as a major defect.

SECTION J REFERENCE DOCUMENTS

DSCP FORMS

DSCP FORM 2997	Labeling of Metal Cans for Subsistence
DSCP FORM 3507	Loads, Unit: Preparation of Semiperishable Subsistence Items
DSCP FORM 3556	Marking Instructions for Shipping Cases, Sacks and
	Palletized/Containerized Loads of Perishable and Semiperishable
	Subsistence

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS

Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and regulations promulgated thereunder (21 CFR Parts 1-199) and (9 CFR Parts 1-391)
U.S. Standards for Condition of Food Containers

NON-GOVERNMENTAL STANDARDS

AMERICAN SOCIETY FOR QUALITY (ASQ)

ANSI/ASQCZ1.4-1993 Sampling Procedures and Tables for Inspection by Attributes

NATIONAL MOTOR FREIGHT TRAFFIC ASSOCIATION, INC.

UNIFORM FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION COMMITTEE

ASTM INTERNATIONAL

D1974-98 Standard Practice for Methods of Closing, Sealing, and

Reinforcing Fiberboard Boxes

D5118/D5118M-95 (2001) Standard Practice for Fabrication of Fiberboard

Shipping Boxes

AOAC INTERNATIONAL Official Methods of Analysis of the AOAC International (OMA)